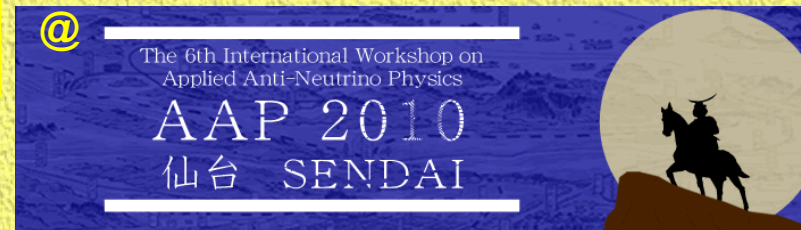


Reactor Neutrino Physics with sub-keV Germanium Detectors

- Overview: **TEXONO-CDEX Collaboration & Kuo-Sheng Reactor Neutrino Laboratory**
- Highlights on New Development
 - ⊙ New Underground Laboratory in China
 - ⊙ State Electroweak Results on ν -e Scattering
 - ⊙ New Channels on Neutrino Magnetic Moments
 - 🏆 μ_ν -induced atomic ionization
 - ⊙ Neutrino-Nucleus Coherent Scattering R&D Status

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Academia Sinica, Taiwan / 中央研究院



Neutrino Physics at ($L \sim 0$) Reactor ??

Rationale :

- Need neutrino source to do neutrino physics : reactor is a high-flux, understood and controlled source \Rightarrow *AND* free as well !!
- oscillation expts. $\Rightarrow m_\nu \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ anomalous ν properties & interactions
- Experimental neutrino physics has been full of surprise \Rightarrow Worth exploring any experimentally accessible parameter space
- May place constraints to interpretation of precision oscillation data
- Explore new neutrino sources & detection channels for future studies & "applications".

TEXONO-CDEX Collaboration

TEXONO

Taiwan *EX*periment *ON* Neutrino [since 1997] :

◎ Neutrino Physics at **Kuo-Sheng Reactor Neutrino Laboratory (KSNL)**

➤ Taiwan (AS, NTHU, INER, KSNPS)

➤ Turkey (METU)

➤ India (BHU)



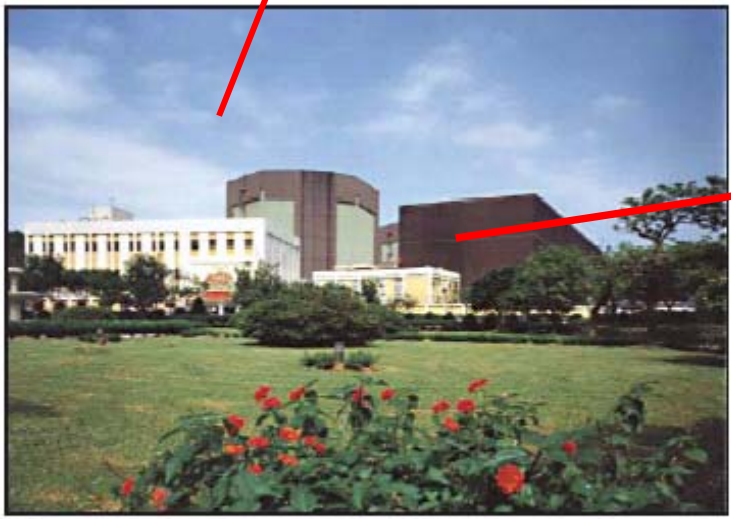
CDEX

China *D*ark *M*atter *EX*periment [birth 2009] :

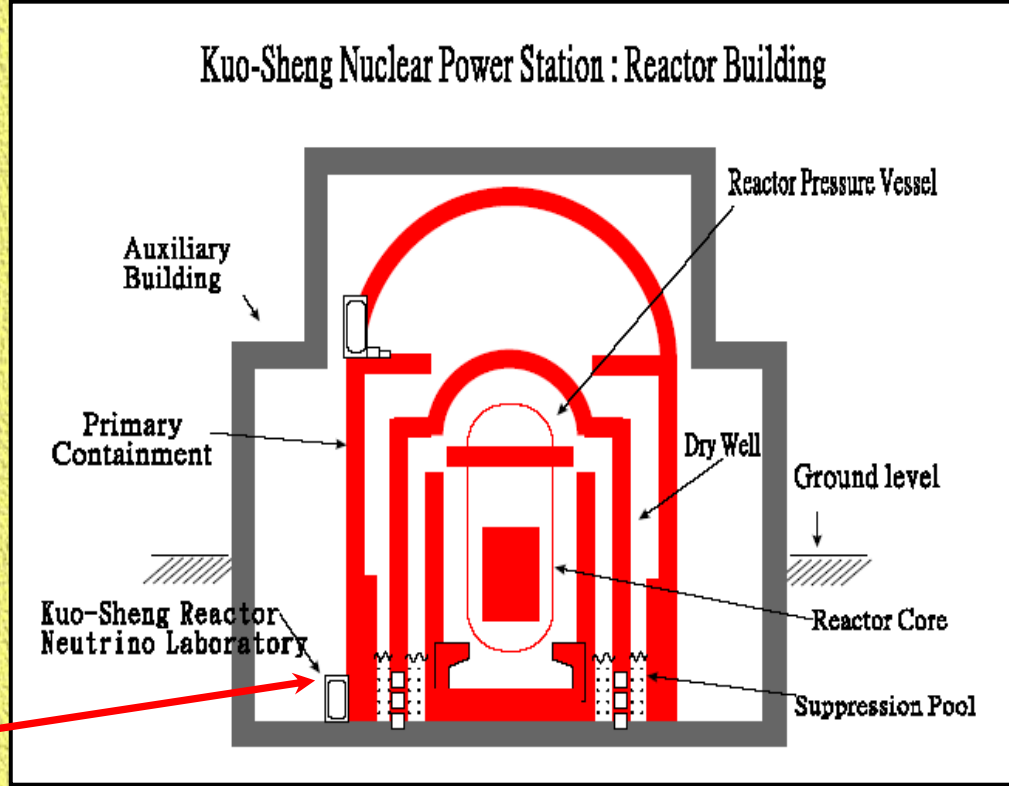
◎ Dark Matter Searches at **China Jin-Ping Underground Laboratory (CJPL)**

➤ China (THU, CIAE, NKU, SCU, EHDC)

Kuo Sheng [國聖] Reactor Neutrino Laboratory :

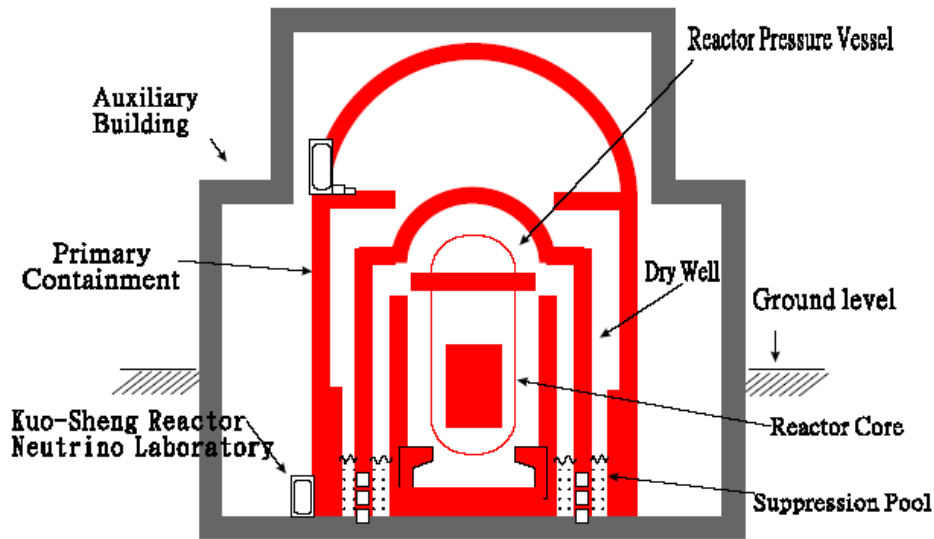


Powerful collaboration. Scientists from Taiwan and mainland China are studying neutrino emissions from this nuclear power plant outside Taipei.



- 28 m from core#1 @ 2.9 GW
- Shallow site : ~30 mwe overburden
- ~10 m below ground level

Kuo-Sheng Nuclear Power Station : Reactor Building



Front View (*cosmic vetos, shieldings, control room*)

Shielding (Sept 2000)



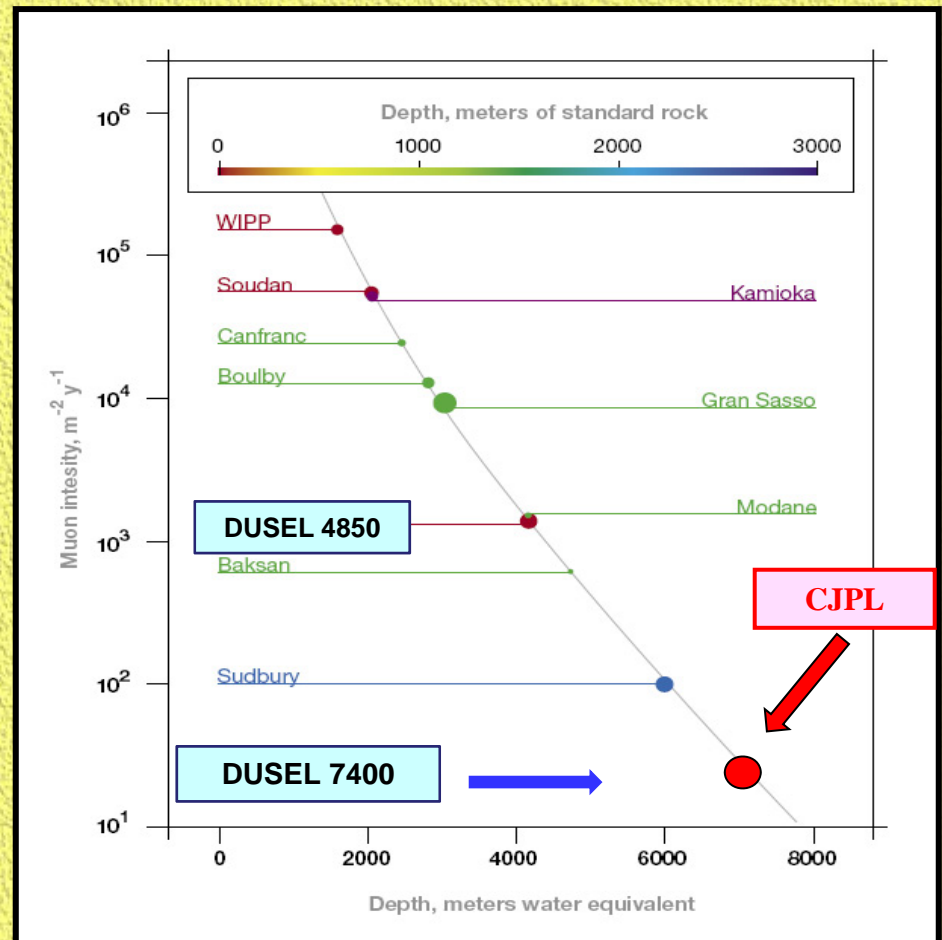
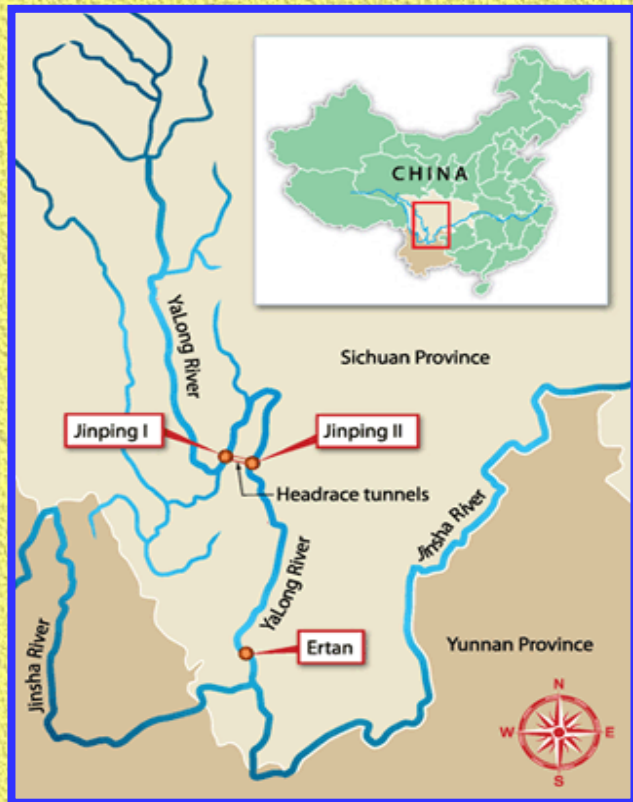
Inner Target Volume

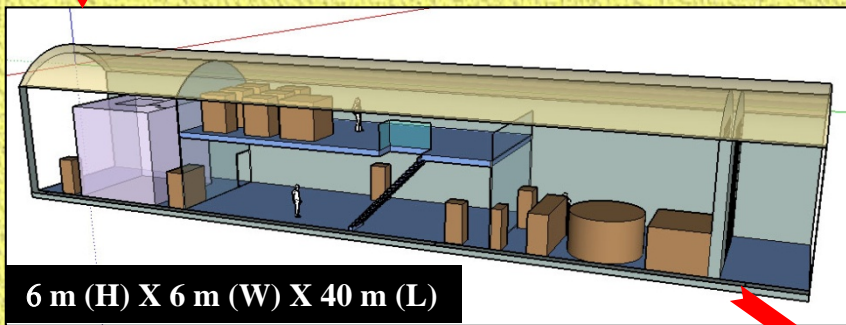
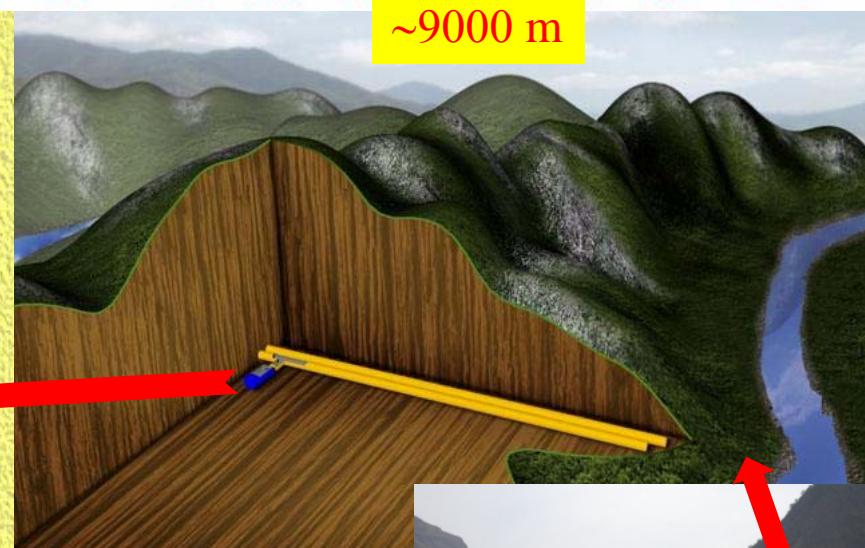
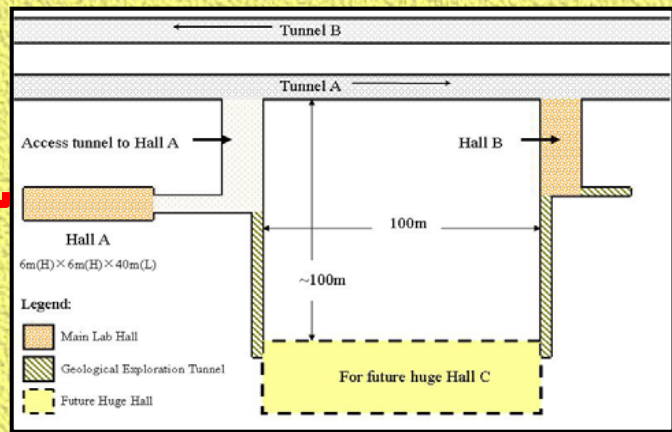
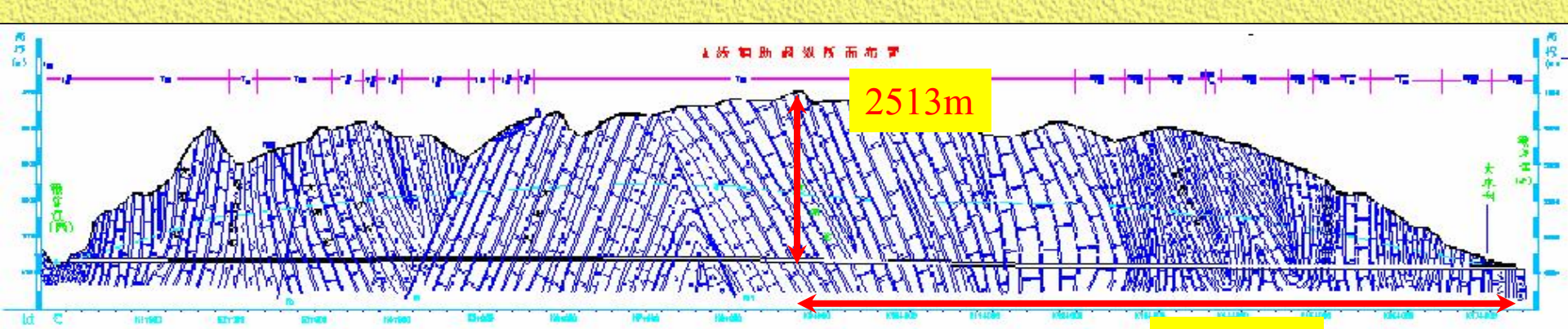
Configuration: Modest yet Unique

Flexible Design: Allows different detectors conf. for different physics

China Jin-Ping Underground Laboratory (CJPL) 中國四川錦屏

- ◎ 2500+ m rock overburden, drive-in road tunnel access
- ◎ 6X6X40 m cavern under construction [THU & EHDC]
- ◎ DM-Search: 20 g ULEGe 2010 ; 1000 g PCGe 2011



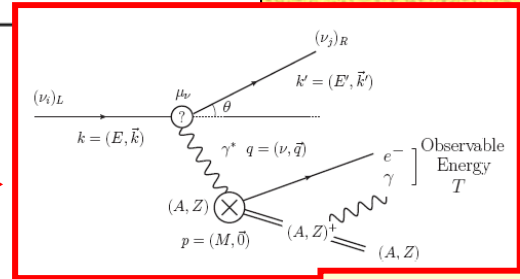
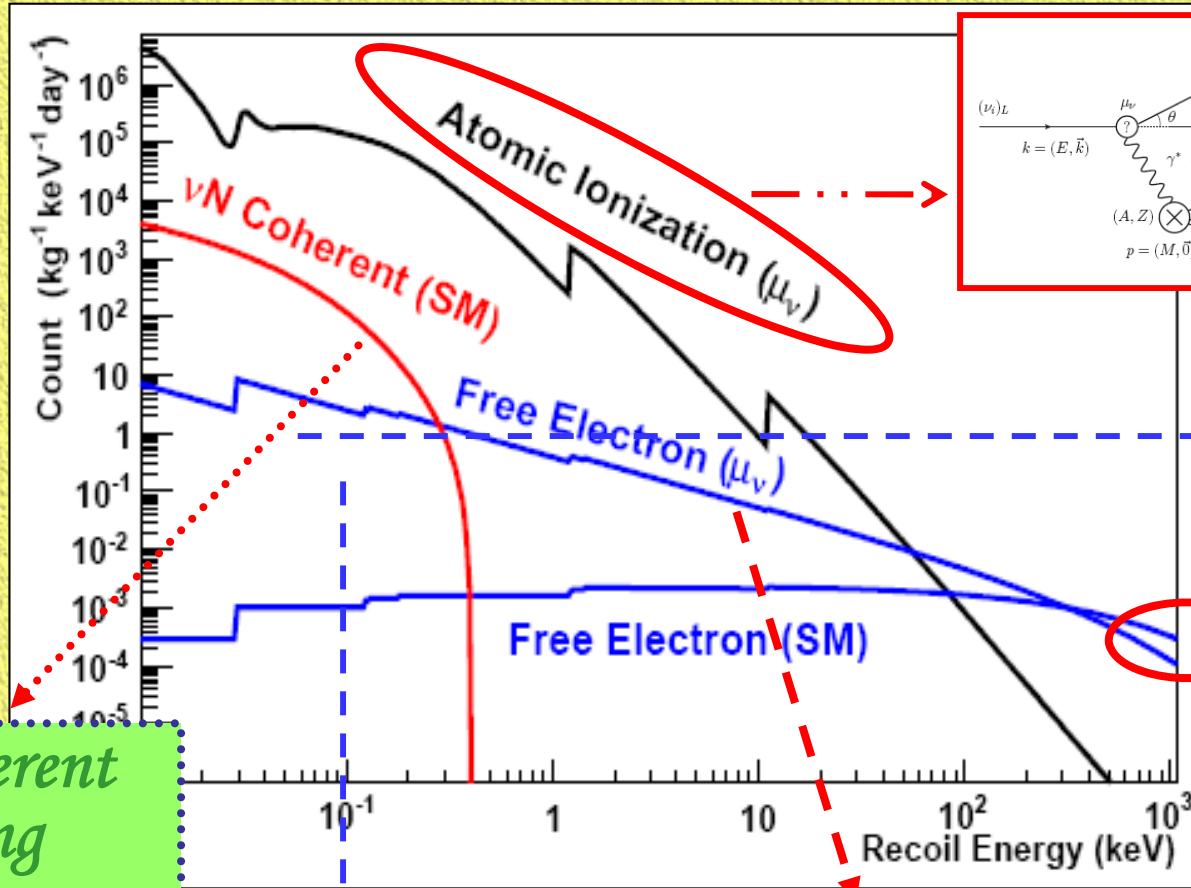


Neutrino Properties & Interactions at Reactor

quality

Detector requirements

mass



New Channel Identified (PRL2010)

1 counts / kg-keV-day

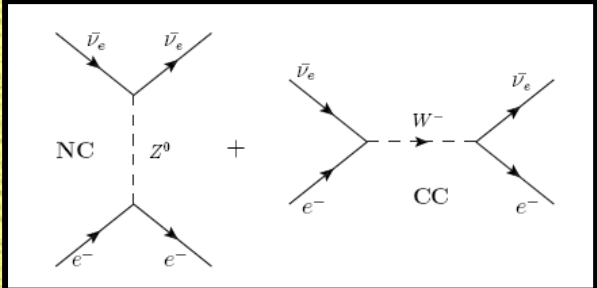
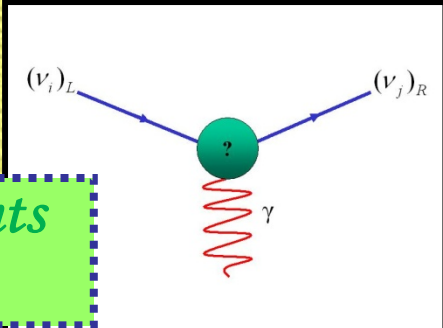
Standard Model νe Scattering (PRD10a,b)

νN Coherent Scattering

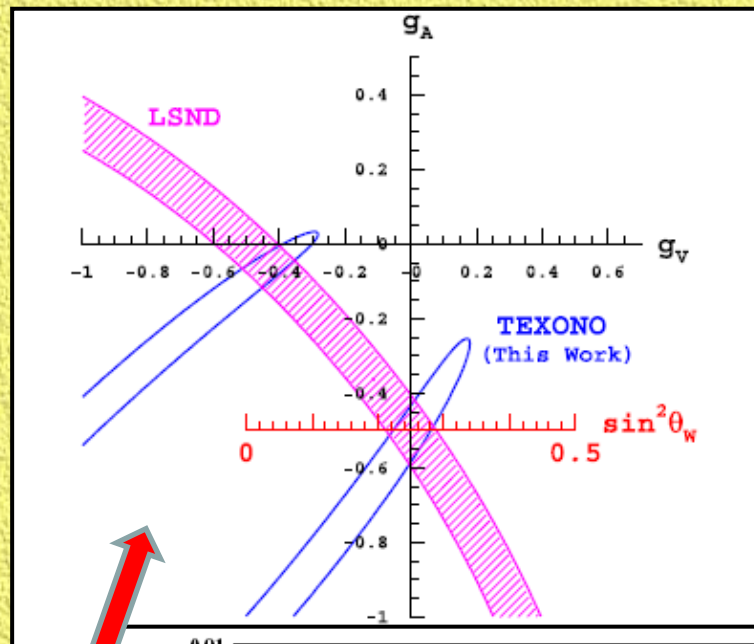
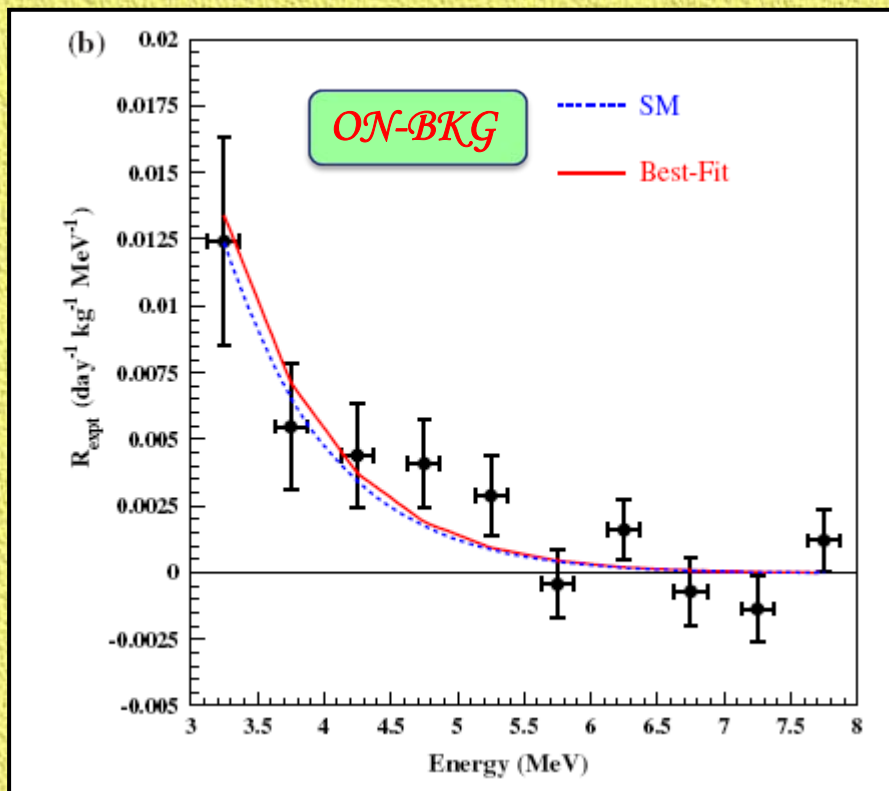
Dark Matter Searches (PRDRC09)

Magnetic Moments (PRL03, PRD07)

Threshold ~ 100 eV



CsI(Tl) 200 kg : Probe Electroweak Phys. [PRD10]

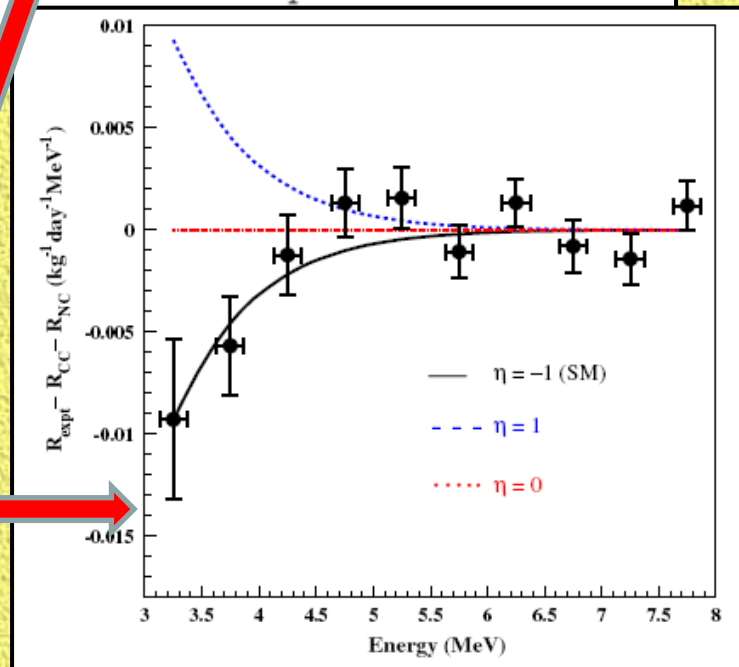


$$R = [1.08 \pm 0.21(\text{stat}) \pm 0.16(\text{sys})] \times R_{SM}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.251 \pm 0.031(\text{stat}) \pm 0.024(\text{sys})$$

Verify SM Destructive Interference

⊕ Constraints on Various Beyond SM Effects

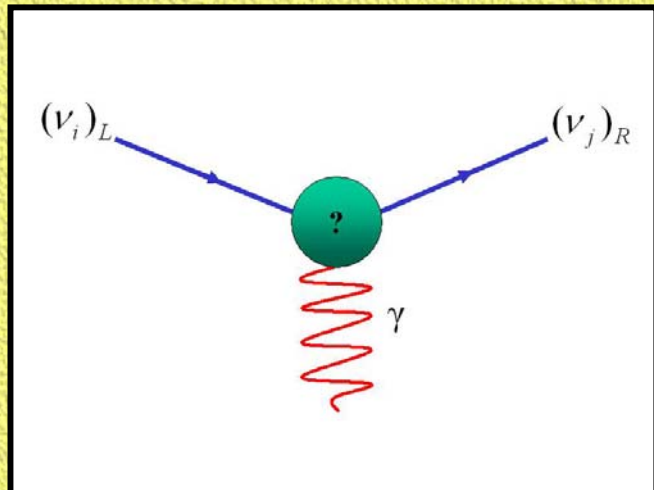


Current Research Theme: "sub-keV" Ge Detectors

🕯 **Physics Goals for $O[100 \text{ eV threshold} \oplus 1 \text{ kg mass} \oplus 1 \text{ cpkkd}]$ detector :**

- ⊙ νN coherent scattering
- ⊙ Low-mass WIMP searches
- ⊙ Improve sensitivities on neutrino magnetic moments
- ⊙ Implications on reactor operation monitoring
- ⊙ Open new detector window & detection channel available for surprises

Neutrino Electromagnetic Properties : Magnetic Moments



requires $m_\nu \neq 0$

e.g.

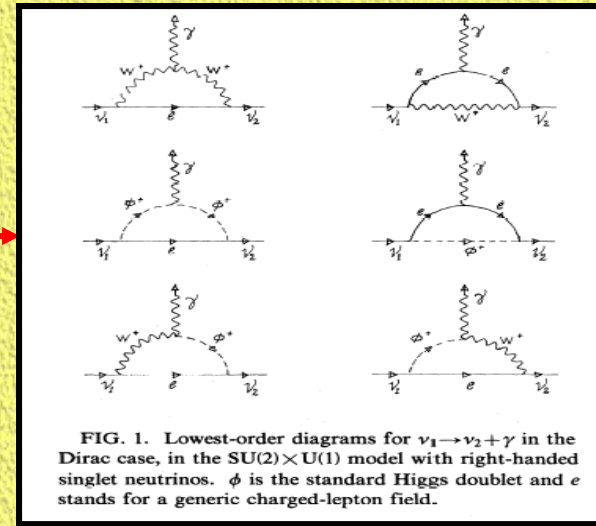


FIG. 1. Lowest-order diagrams for $\nu_1 \rightarrow \nu_2 + \gamma$ in the Dirac case, in the $SU(2) \times U(1)$ model with right-handed singlet neutrinos. ϕ is the standard Higgs doublet and e stands for a generic charged-lepton field.

➤ fundamental neutrino properties & interaction ; necessary consequences of neutrino masses/ mixings

➤ in principle can differentiate *Dirac/Majorana neutrinos*

↳ If Signals observed $> 10^{-14} \mu_B$

⇒ Majorana Neutrinos [Naturalness Argument]

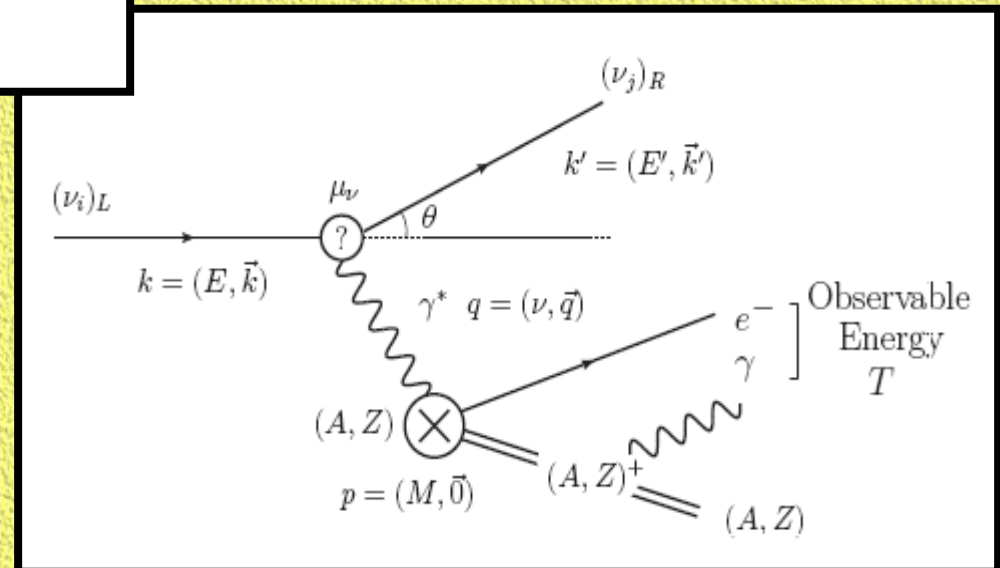
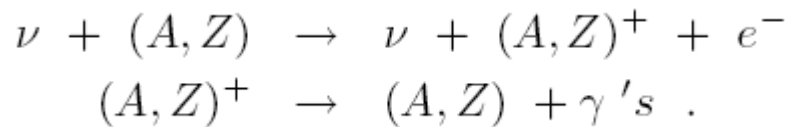
➤ explore roles of **neutrinos in astrophysics**

↳ Astro. & particle phys. model dependent bounds

$$\mu_\nu < 10^{-10} - 10^{-12} \mu_B$$

New Channel : μ_ν -induced Atomic Ionization [PRL10]

- ↪ Significant Enhancement of cross-section at $Q^2 \rightarrow 0$
- ↪ Neutrino energy loss (observable energy) \sim atomic binding energy
- ↪ resembles relativistic charged particles being "minimum ionizing" with matter.



μ_ν -induced Atomic Ionization

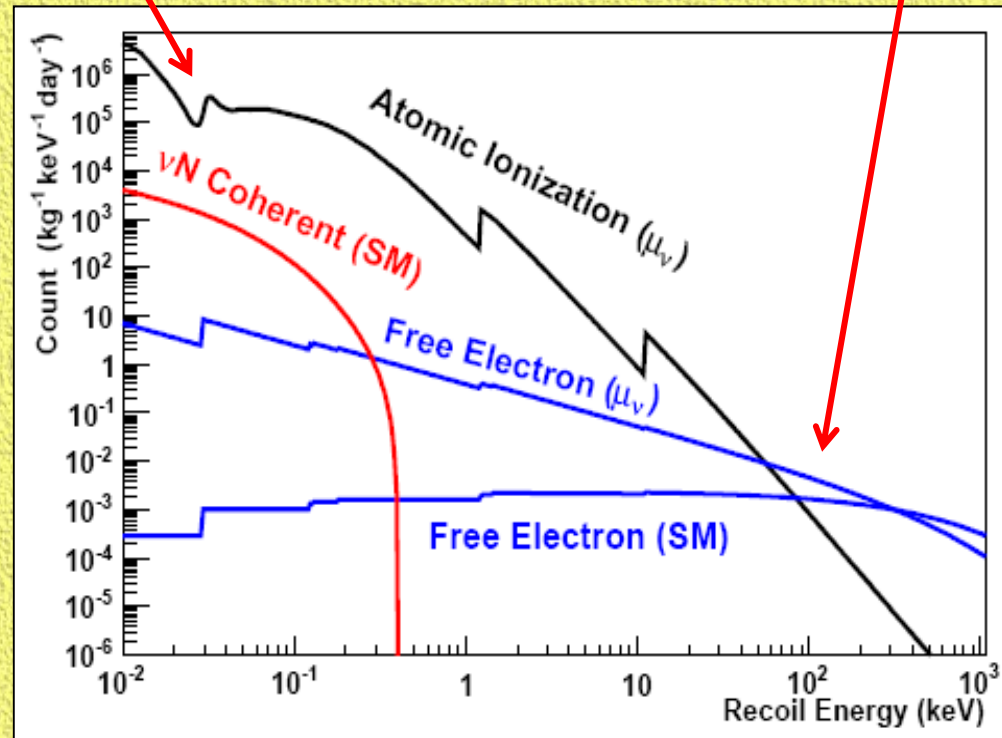
- Significant Enhancement at atomic energies when Neutrino Energy Loss < 10 keV
- Can have "applications" if Nature prefers μ_ν close to present limits

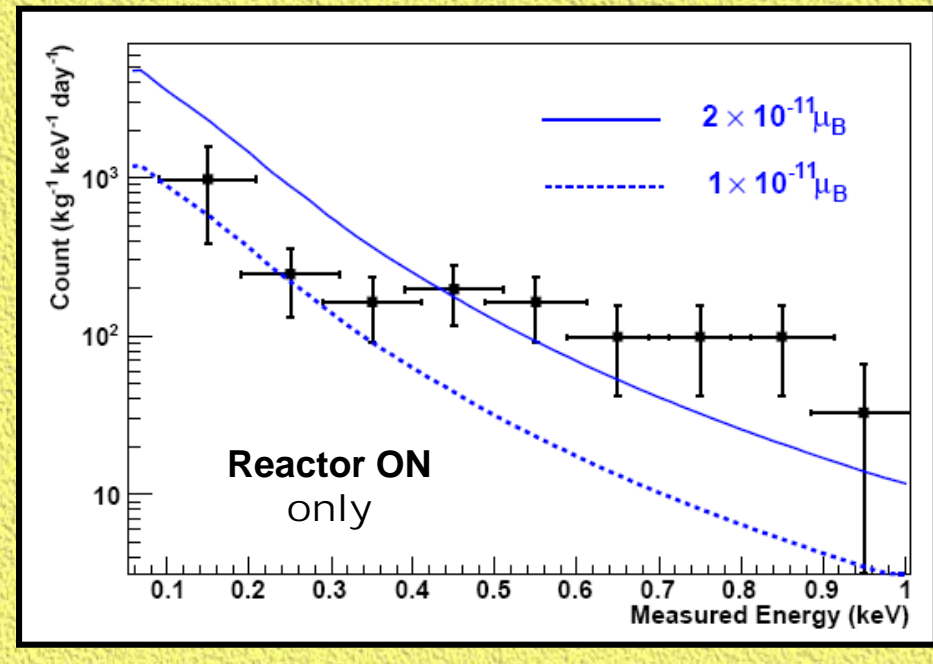
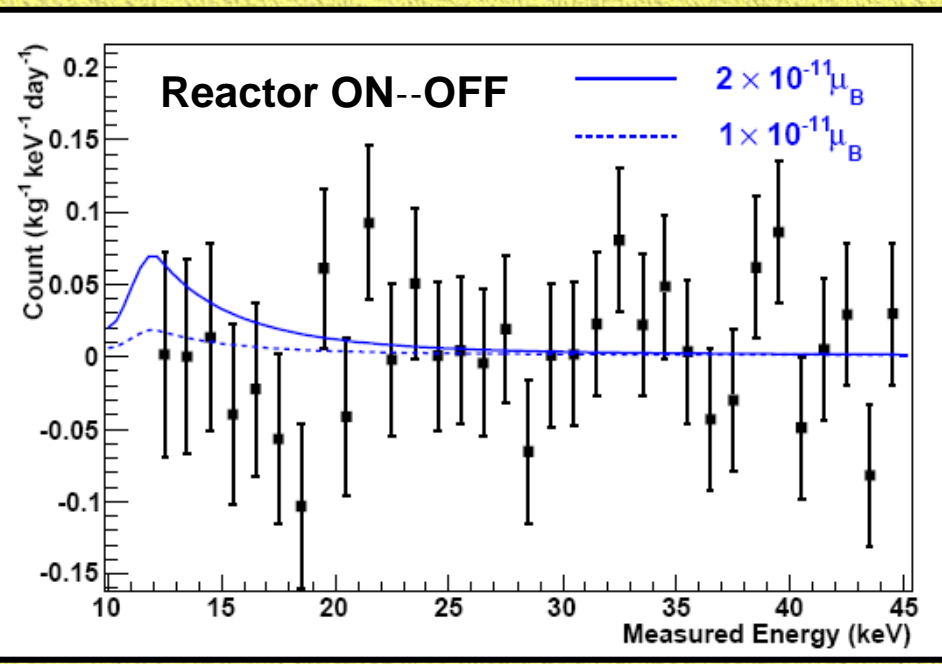
$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dT}\right)^{AI} \simeq \mu_\nu^2 \frac{\alpha_{em}}{\pi} \left(\frac{E_\nu}{m_e}\right)^2 \frac{1}{T} \sigma_{\gamma A}(E_\gamma = T)$$

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dT}\right)^{FE} = \frac{\pi\alpha_{em}^2\mu_\nu^2}{m_e^2} \left[\frac{1 - T/E_\nu}{T}\right]$$

Equivalent Photon Approximations:

Related Interactions of Virtual Photons at $q^2 \rightarrow 0$ to photo-electric cross section of real photons.





PRD07: 1-kg HPGe

$\mu_\nu < 1.9 \times 10^{-11} \mu_B$

PRDRC09: 20-g ULEGe

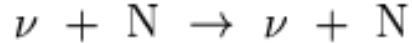
$\mu_\nu < 1.3 \times 10^{-11} \mu_B$

Projected Sensitivities : $\rightarrow 10^{-13} \mu_B$

@ Thr.~100 eV ; BKG~1 cpkcd ; ON-OFF 1%

Neutrino-Nucleus Coherent Scattering :

[basics covered in earlier talk (Reyna)]



Standard Model
Cross-Sections:

$$\left(\frac{d\sigma}{dT}\right)_{\text{SM}}^{\text{coh}} = \frac{G_F^2}{4\pi} m_N [Z(1 - 4\sin^2\theta_W) - N]^2 \left[1 - \frac{m_N T_N}{2E_\nu^2}\right]$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \frac{G_F^2 E_\nu^2}{4\pi} [Z(1 - 4\sin^2\theta_W) - N]^2$$

➤ Typical Rates for Ge at KSNL :

~10 kg⁻¹ day⁻¹ @ threshold~100 eV & QF~0.2

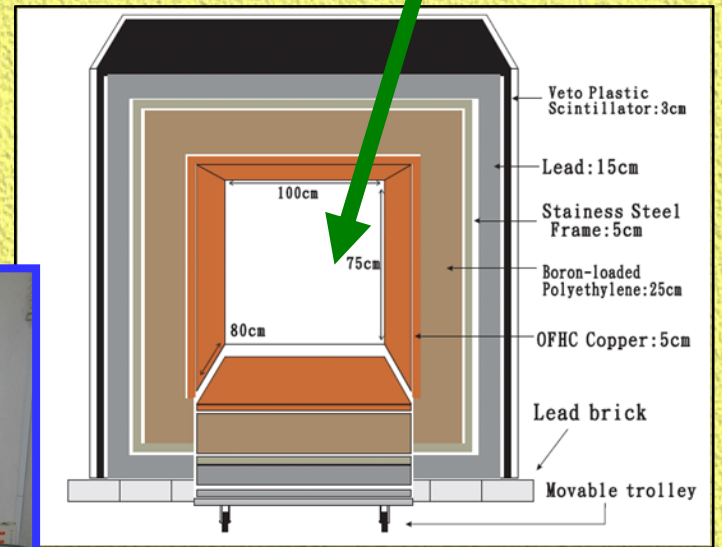
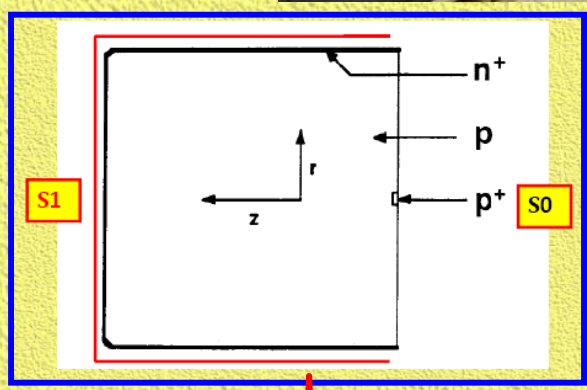
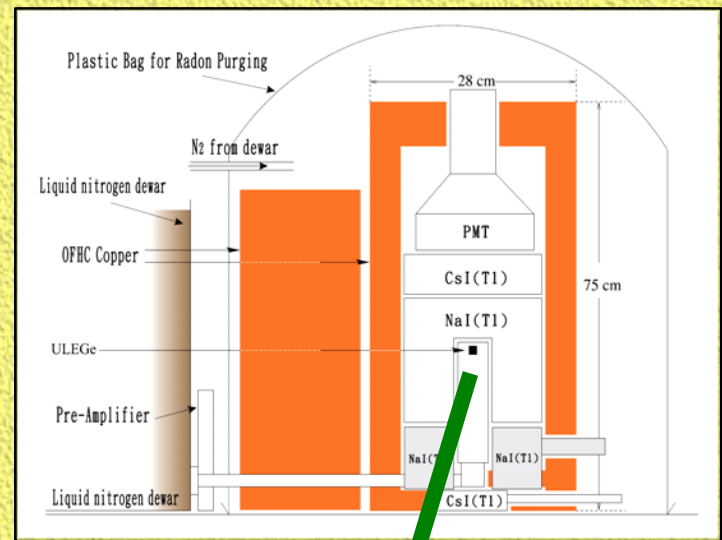
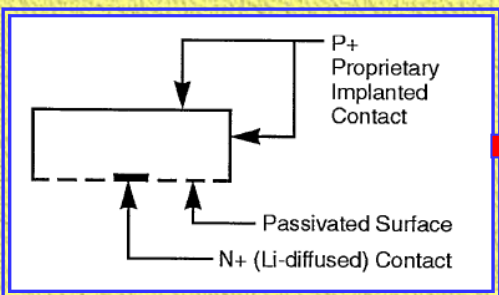
➤ Bottom Line :

↪ O(1 kg) modular mass achieved with Point Contact Germanium Detector *[Luke 80's, CoGeNT-2007]*

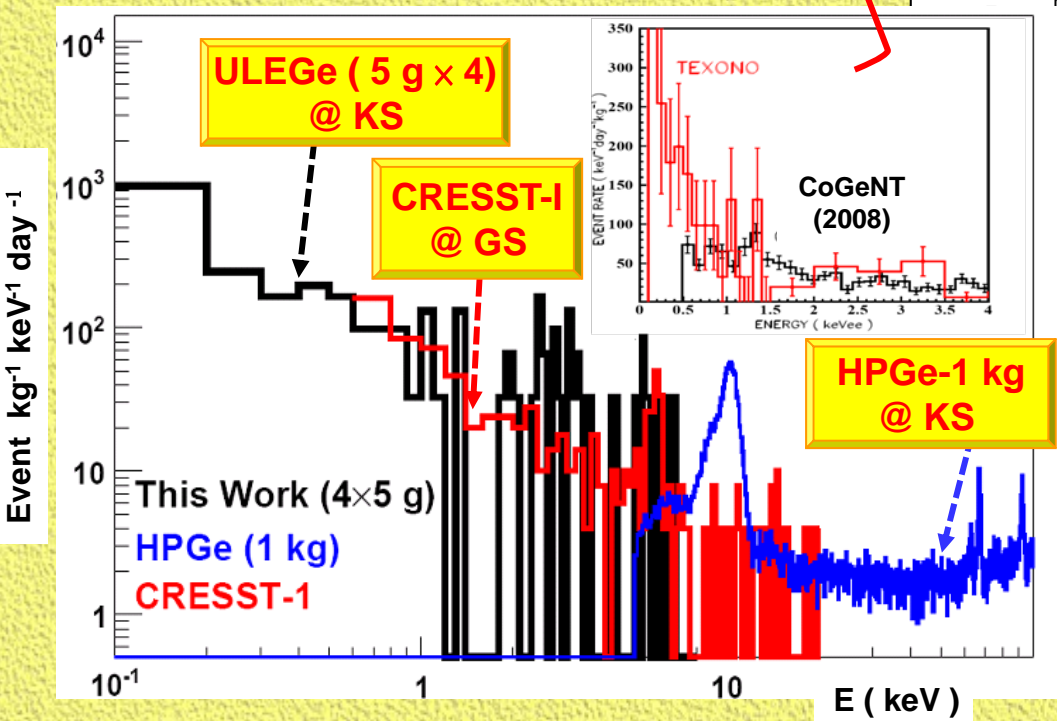
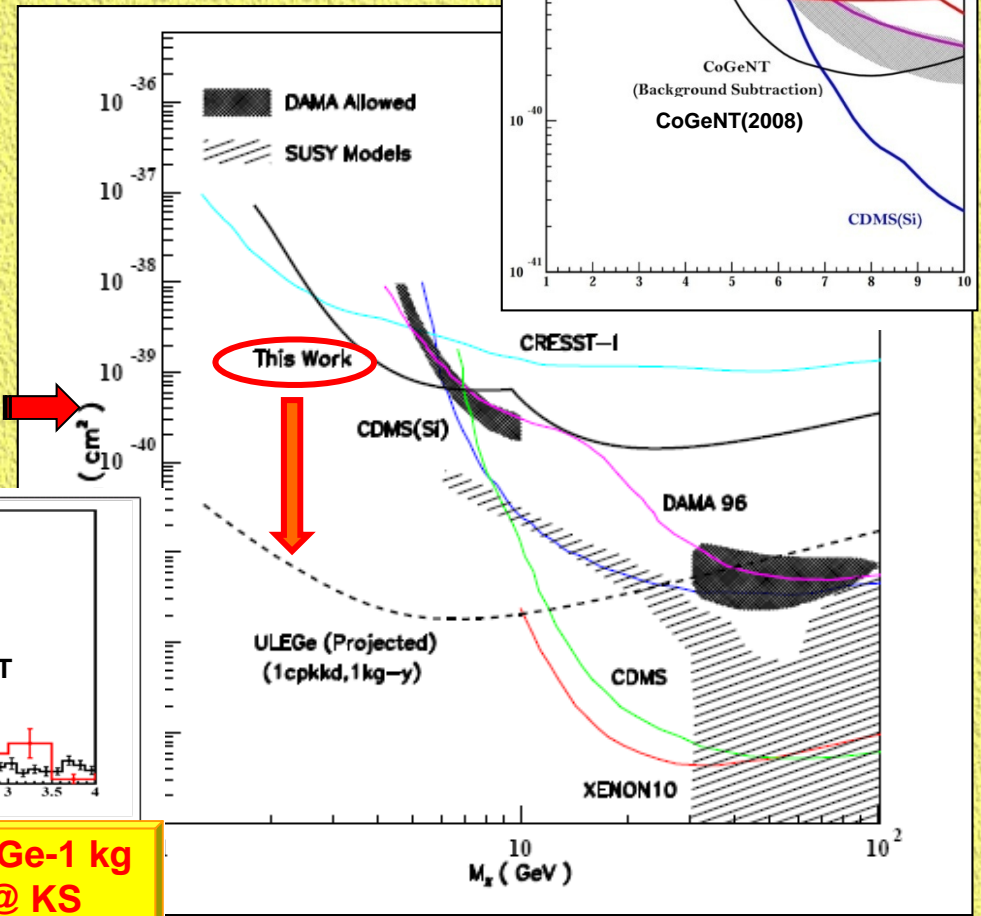
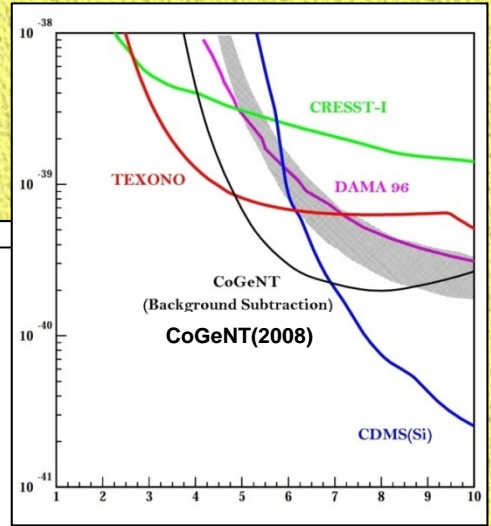
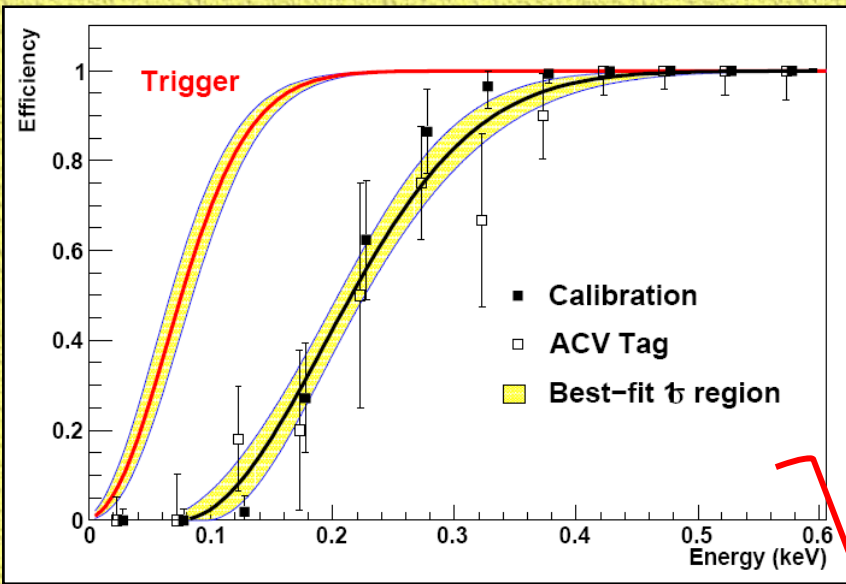
↪ few X 100 eV threshold, more hardware & software R&D to get to ~100 eV

↪ Need understanding ⇒ suppression of sub-keV background *[some interest that those are WIMP-induced !!]*

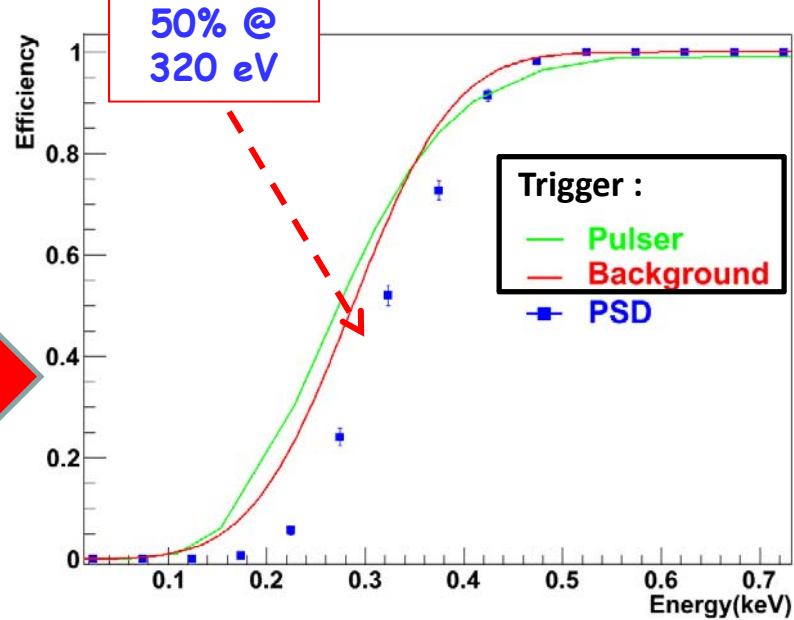
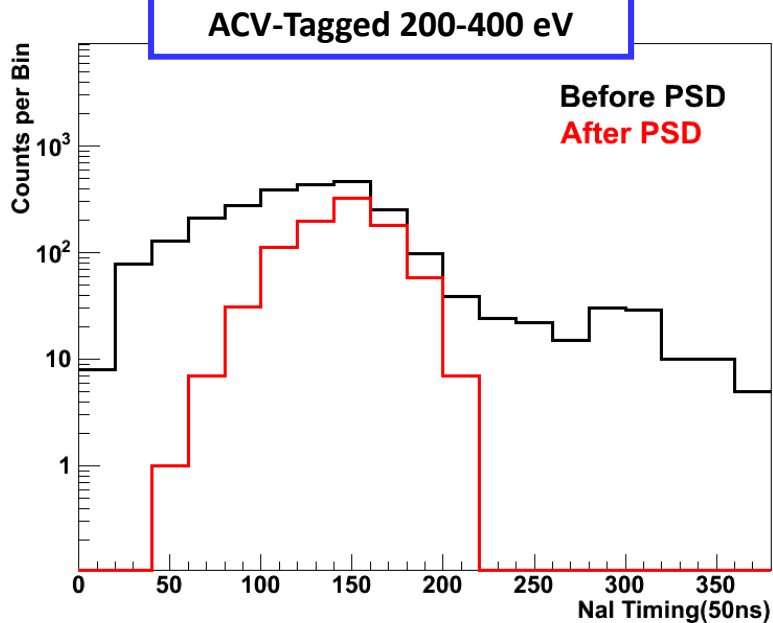
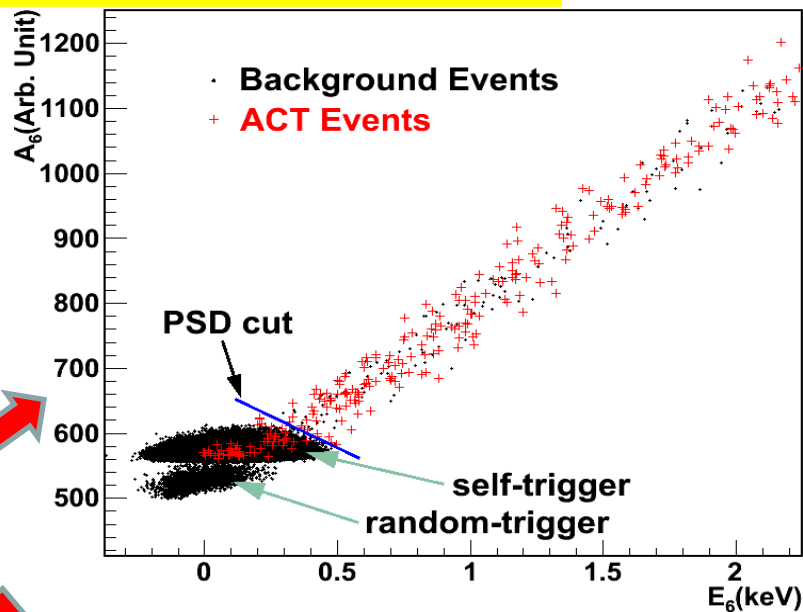
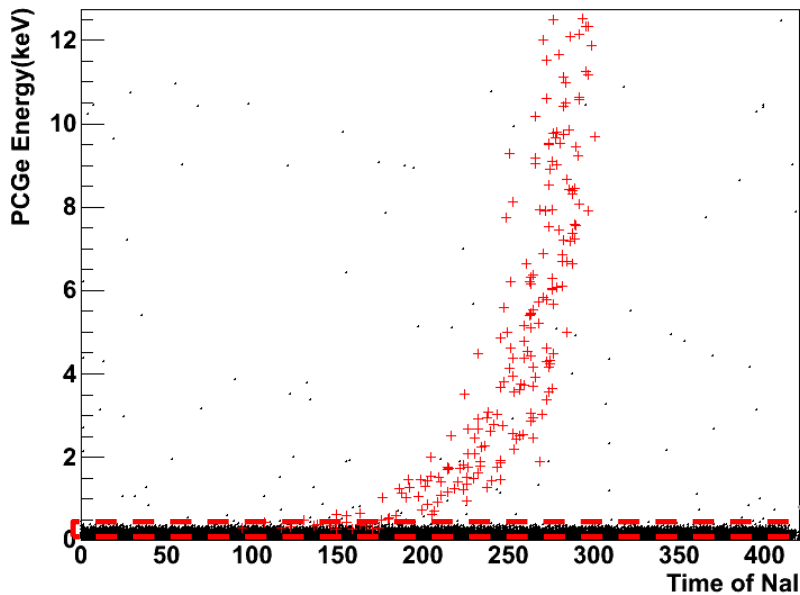
TEXONO-CDEX : ULEGe & PCGe @ KSNL & CJPL



Threshold & Efficiencies & Background for 20g ULEGe (2007)



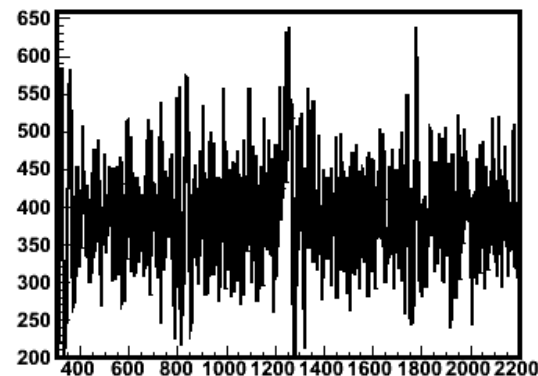
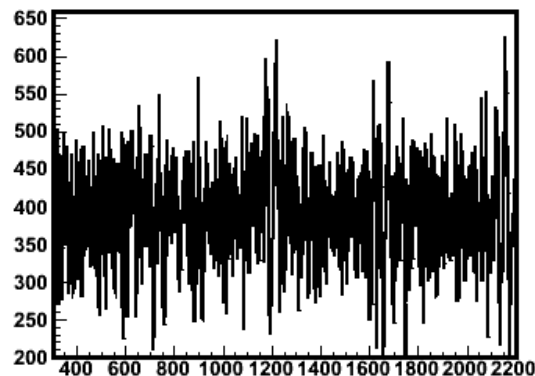
500g PCGe - Threshold & Selection Efficiency



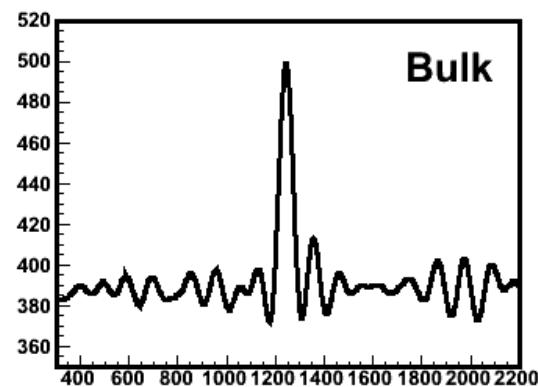
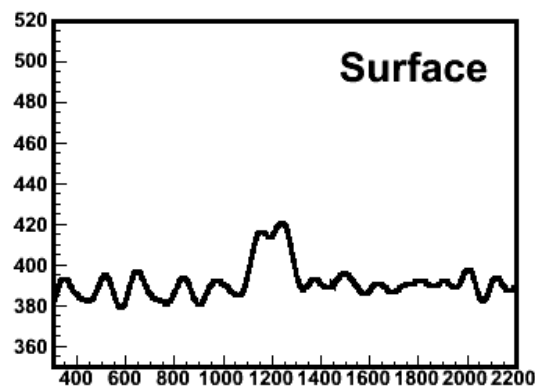
PSD for Surface Vs Bulk Events @ PCGe

- Timing Amp (fast) pulse shapes at 200 MHz FADC
- Surface Vs Bulk events down to 2 keV
- n+ "inactive layer" is not totally dead; signals finite
- ACV+CRT events (neutron rich) samples do not show surface band

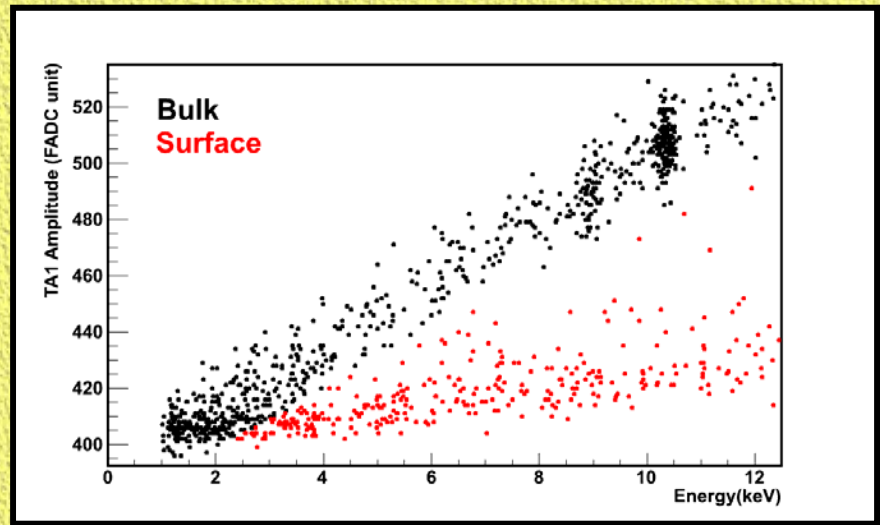
Raw Data



Smoothed Shape

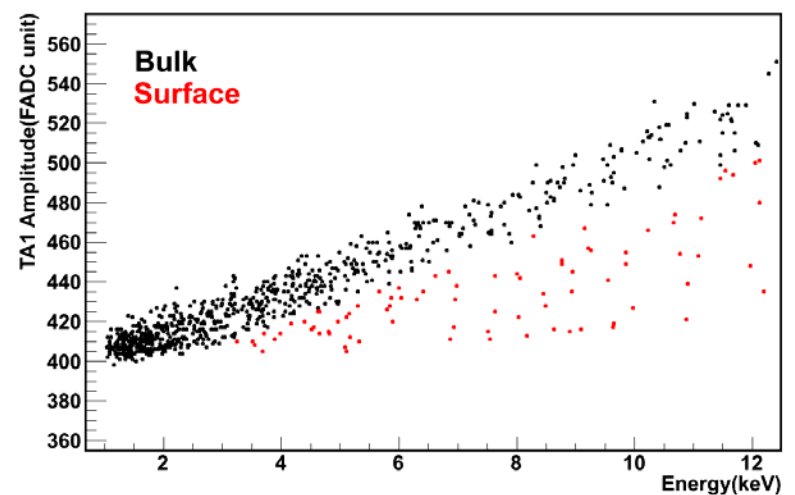
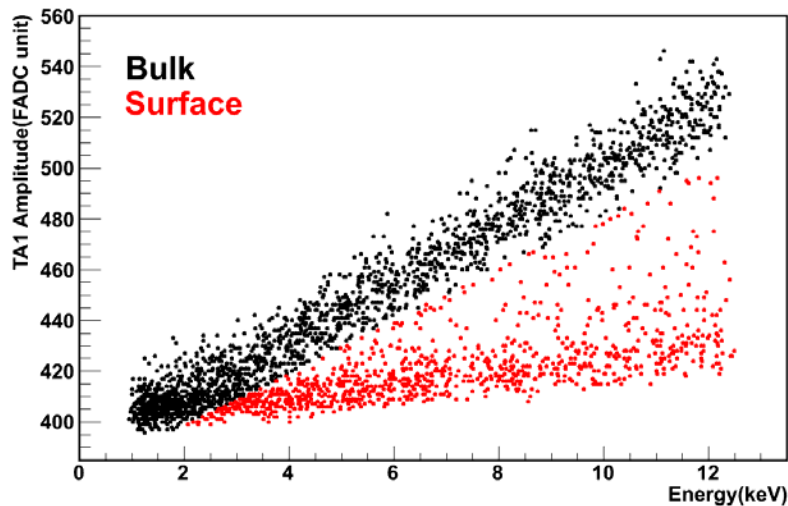


Signal Candidates:
[CRV+ACV] cosmic &
anti-Compton veto



γ -rich background: [CRV+ACT]
cosmic veto & anti-
Compton trigger

n-rich background:
[CRT+ACV] cosmic trigger
& anti-Compton veto



Summary & Outlook



- There exist Interesting Physics & Valid Applications *with* Reactor Neutrinos
- Involve exploring new Detector Techniques & Detection Channels
- Sub-keV Ge detectors are Promising Avenue

New Windows Opened: “Available for Surprises ! “

🌀 **Our Story (“Applications” of Reactor Neutrinos)** : bring us to new detection windows, detector techniques, interaction mechanisms, subjects & laboratory !!